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PRODUCT DATASHEET

Anti-β-Catenin (Tyr-86), Phosphospecific Antibody

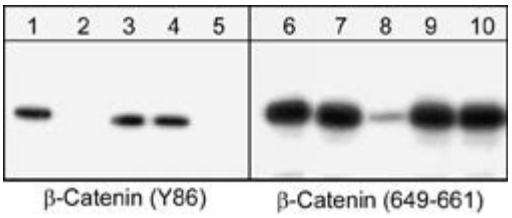
phosphosolutions ANTIBODIES THAT WORK

Product Details

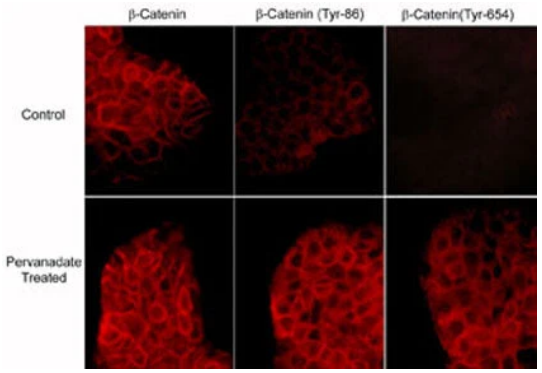
Available Variants	100 µL (SKU:CP1191)
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Isotype	IgG
Gene Name	CTNNB1
Host Species	Rabbit
Format	Antigen Affinity Purified
Physical State	Liquid
Buffer	PBS + 1 mg/ml BSA, 0.05% NaN3 and 50% glycerol
Applications	ELISA, ICC, WB
Dilution Ranges	WB: 1:1000 ICC: 1:100
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Immunogen	Phospho-β-Catenin (Tyr-86) synthetic peptide (coupled to KLH) corresponding to amino acid residues around tyrosine 86 of human β-Catenin. This peptide sequence is highly conserved in rat and mouse β-Catenin.
Specificity	This antibody was cross-adsorbed to phospho-tyrosine coupled to agarose before affinity purification using phospho- β-Catenin (Tyr-86) peptide (without carrier). The antibody detects a 92kDa* protein corresponding to the molecular mass of β-Catenin on SDS-PAGE immunoblots of A431 and Hct116 src transformed cells treated with pervanadate (1 mM for 30 min), but not in control cells.
Molecular Weight	92
Quality Control	Western blots performed on each lot.
Storage	Storage at -20°C is recommended, as aliquots may be taken without freeze/thawing due to presence of 50% glycerol. Stable for at least 1 year at

	-20°C.
UniProt ID	P35222 UniProt Summary: Key downstream component of the canonical Wnt signaling pathway. In the absence of Wnt, forms a complex with AXIN1, AXIN2, APC, CSNK1A1 and GSK3B that promotes phosphorylation on N-terminal Ser and Thr residues and ubiquitination of CTNNB1 via BTRC and its subsequent degradation by the proteasome. In the presence of Wnt ligand, CTNNB1 is not ubiquitinated and accumulates in the nucleus, where it acts as a coactivator for transcription factors of the TCF/LEF family, leading to activate Wnt responsive genes. Also acts as a coactivator for other transcription factors, such as NR5A2. Promotes epithelial to mesenchymal transition/mesenchymal to epithelial transition (EMT/MET) via driving transcription of CTNNB1/TCF-target genes. Involved in the regulation of cell adhesion, as component of an E-cadherin:catenin adhesion complex. Acts as a negative regulator of centrosome cohesion. Involved in the CDK2/PTPN6/CTNNB1/CEACAM1 pathway of insulin internalization. Blocks anoikis of malignant kidney and intestinal epithelial cells and promotes their anchorage-independent growth by down-regulating DAPK2. Disrupts PML function and PML-NB formation by inhibiting RANBP2-mediated sumoylation of PML. Promotes neurogenesis by maintaining sympathetic neuroblasts within the cell cycle. Involved in chondrocyte differentiation via interaction with SOX9: SOX9-binding competes with the binding sites of TCF/LEF within CTNNB1, thereby inhibiting the Wnt signaling. Acts as a positive regulator of odontoblast differentiation during mesenchymal tooth germ formation, via promoting the transcription of differentiation factors such as LEF1, BMP2 and BMP4. Activity is repressed in a MSX1-mediated manner at the bell stage of mesenchymal tooth germ formation which prevents premature differentiation of odontoblasts.
Country of Origin	United States
Shipping	Blue Ice
Expiration	After date of receipt, stable for at least 1 year at -20°C.
Usage Statement	For research use only. Not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use. Use of all products is subject to our terms and conditions, which can be viewed on our website.
Post Translational Modification Type	Phosphorylated
Post Translational Modification Residue	Tyr-86
NCBI Gene ID	1499

Product Images



Western blot of β-Catenin immunoprecipitated from A431 cells treated with pervanadate. The blots were probed with β-Catenin (Tyr-86) or β-Catenin (a.a. 649-661) antibodies. The immunoprecipitates were untreated (lanes 1 & 6) or treated with alkaline phosphatase (lanes 5 & 10), and the antibodies were incubated with β-Catenin (Tyr-86) (lanes 2,7) or β-Catenin (a.a. 649-661) (lanes 3,8) peptides or phospho-Tyr (lanes 4,9).



Immunocytochemical labeling of β-Catenin in control and pervanadate-treated A431 cells. The cells were labeled with mouse monoclonal β-Catenin (CM1181) or rabbit polyclonal β-Catenin (Tyr-86) or β-Catenin (Y654) antibodies, then the antibodies were detected using appropriate secondary antibodies conjugated to Cy3.

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