www.antibodiesinc.com
orders@antibodiesinc.com
530-758-4400

PRODUCT DATASHEET

Anti-GABA-B-R2 Antibody FL594 Conjugate

NeuroMab KO Validated

Product Details

Available Variants	200 µL (SKU:75-124-FL594)
Conjugate	FL594 Ex: 594 nm, Em: 615 nm
Isotype	IgG1
Clone	N81/2
Gene Name	GABBR2 GPR51 GPRC3B
Host Species	Mouse
Concentration	Lot dependent: provided at 0.3-0.5 mg/mL
Format	Purified by Protein A chromatography
Physical State	Liquid
Buffer	PBS with 0.09% azide
Production Notes	Produced by in vitro bioreactor culture of hybridoma line followed by Protein A affinity chromatography and conjugation of purified mAb. Purified mAbs are >90% specific antibody.
Applications	ICC, IHC
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Immunogen	Fusion protein amino acids 861-912 of human GABABR2 (accession number NP_113990) produced recombinantly in E. Coli
Specificity	No cross-reactivity against GABABR1
Molecular Weight	105 kDa
Quality Control	Each new lot of antibody is quality control tested by western blot on rat whole brain lysate and confirmed to stain the expected molecular weight band.
Storage	Aliquot and store at ≤ -20°C for long term storage. For short term storage, store at 2-8°C. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the vial prior to

	removing the cap.
Antibody Registry ID	AB_2939462
UniProt ID	O75899 UniProt Summary: Component of a heterodimeric G-protein coupled receptor for GABA, formed by GABBR1 and GABBR2. Within the heterodimeric GABA receptor, only GABBR1 seems to bind agonists, while GABBR2 mediates coupling to G proteins. Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors, such as adenylate cyclase. Signaling inhibits adenylate cyclase, stimulates phospholipase A2, activates potassium channels, inactivates voltage-dependent calcium-channels and modulates inositol phospholipid hydrolysis. Plays a critical role in the fine-tuning of inhibitory synaptic transmission. Pre-synaptic GABA receptor inhibits neurotransmitter release by down-regulating high-voltage activated calcium channels, whereas postsynaptic GABA receptor decreases neuronal excitability by activating a prominent inwardly rectifying potassium (Kir) conductance that underlies the late inhibitory postsynaptic potentials. Not only implicated in synaptic inhibition but also in hippocampal long-term potentiation, slow wave sleep, muscle relaxation and antinociception (Probable).
Country of Origin	United States
Shipping	Shipped on ice packs
Expiration	12 months from date of receipt
Usage Statement	These antibodies are to be used as research laboratory reagents and are not for use as diagnostic or therapeutic reagents in humans.
NCBI Gene ID	9568

Product Images



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Created on 21. November 2026 | All information without guarantee